ARIC Manuscript Proposal # 1240r

PC Reviewed: _6_/_5_/07 SC Reviewed:	Status: _A Status:	Priority: _2_ Priority:
1.a. Full Title : Characterization of th novel variant in the HCR2 region.	ne APOE gene region for association	on with LDL-C: Influence of a
b. Abbreviated Title (Length 2	6 characters): The APOE I	ICR2 region and LDL-C
2. Writing Group: Writing group members: Kath Sing, Kiang Liu, Christie Ballantyr	•	•
I, the first author, confirm that all t manuscript proposalKK[plwriting]		
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	d Analysis – February-April paration – April-May une	

4. Rationale: DNA variation in the APOE gene is known to influence variation among individuals in plasma low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) level. We have identified 305 DNA variants in sequences from 120 hybrid cell lines (20 European-Americans, 20 African-Americans and 20 Mexican-Americans). After excluding

singleton and copy number variants, we successfully genotyped 3,999 participants (1,943 Whites and 2,046 African-Americans) of the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study for 115 SNPs. Association analysis indicated at least one SNP, a previously unreported common variant in the hepatic control region 2, was associated with LDL-C level independent of the APOE $\varepsilon 2/3/4$ polymorphism.

- **5. Main Hypothesis/Study Questions**: We will genotype this SNP in the ARIC cohort and in the three samples of the Genetic Epidemiology Network of Arteriopathy (GENOA) to ask if the association observed in CARDIA is also apparent in these samples.
- 6. Design and analysis (study design, inclusion/exclusion, outcome and other variables of interest with specific reference to the time of their collection, summary of data analysis, and any anticipated methodologic limitations or challenges if present).
- 1) Analyses to be performed in the ARIC cohort: We will exclude non-fasting individuals, individuals taking lipid-lowering medications, individuals with plasma triglyceride levels >400 mg/dL and individuals who did not consent to genetic analyses. Statistical analyses will be performed separately by race. Dependent variable : LDL-C. Covariates: gender, age, bmi, use of hypertension meds. For consistency with prior CARDIA analyses, LDL-C will be adjusted for age, age2, age3 and BMI within race and gender by fitting a linear model and adding the residual back to the race- and gender-specific grand mean. LDL-C will then be adjusted for gender within race using the same method. A general linear model analysis will be used to evaluate association between SNP genotype and LDL-C level. Two methods will be used to account for APOE $\epsilon 2/3/4$ genotype effect: a linear model adjustment within race (as above) and evaluation of the HCR2 region SNP within $\epsilon 3/\epsilon 3$ individuals only.
- 2) Analyses for association with CHD case status (independent of effects on lipid metabolism): We will use a Cox proportional hazards model to estimate the hazard ratio of incident CHD, follow-up time = time from initial clinic visit to first event. Covariates as above, plus LDL-C, HDL-C, smoking, diabetes and hypertension status. The Wald ChiSquare statistic will be used to assess significance of the covariates in the model. Analyses will be performed within race.
- 3) We will also describe trajectories of mean lipid levels by age within apoE genotype using a random effects model with data from all 4 ARIC visits. We recognize that losses to follow-up between visits will influence the results but the ability to look at trajectories (mean levels and change from baseline) within individuals is a strength of the ARIC study.

LDL-C will the of primary focus because of the findings in CARDIA but associations with triglycerides and HDL will be explored as well.

Analysis: Kathy Klos – I have signed an internal DDA (Eric Boerwinkle PI).

	. Will the data be used for non-CVD analysis in this manuscript? K_ No	Yes
b.	o. If Yes, is the author aware that the file ICTDER02 must be used to expersons with a value RES_OTH = "CVD Research" for non-DNA and for DNA analysis RES_DNA = "CVD Research" would be used? Yes No (This file ICTDER02 has been distributed to ARIC PIs, and contains the responses to consent updates related to stored sample use for research	alysis, and _X
8.a.	. Will the DNA data be used in this manuscript?X No	Yes
8.b.	. If yes, is the author aware that either DNA data distributed by the Coordinating Center must be used, or the file ICTDER02 must be us exclude those with value RES_DNA = "No use/storage DNA"? X_Yes No	ed to
Stuc prev ARI	The lead author of this manuscript proposal has reviewed the list of exist dy manuscript proposals and has found no overlap between this proposals either published or still in action IC Investigators have access to the publications lists under the Study Mem the web site at: http://www.cscc.unc.edu/ARIC/search.php	osal and ive status.
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enco	What are the most related manuscript proposals in ARIC (authors are couraged to contact lead authors of these proposals for comments on the new proposals of these proposals for comments on the new proposals for comments of the new proposals for	
	a. Is this manuscript proposal associated with any ARIC ancillary study ancillary study data? X_Yes	dies or use No
11.b	b. If yes, is the proposal _X_ A. primarily the result of an ancillary study (list number* 1 B. primarily based on ARIC data with ancillary data playing role (usually control variables; list number(s)*	ng a minor
	Genotyping will be performed in the laboratory of Eric Boerwinkle un provided as part of ancillary study number 1995.07.	der funding

*ancillary studies are listed by number at http://www.cscc.unc.edu/aric/forms/

12. Manuscript preparation is expected to be completed in one to three years. If a

manuscript is not submitted for ARIC review at the end of the 3-years from the date of the approval, the manuscript proposal will expire.